



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. Identification of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture and of the supplier or manufacturer

Name of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture	Bright Zinc-It Instant Cold Galvanize - 368 g	
Other means of identification		
Product Code	Item# 1750582	
Recommended use of the hazardous chemical substance or mixture, and restrictions of use		
Recommended use	Coating	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Suppliers details		
Company name	CRC Industrias de Mexico S. de R. L. de C.V.	
Address	Cerrada Canadá 201-H Fraccionamiento Industrial Martel Santa Catarina, NL 66367 Mexico	
Telephone	General Information	81-2139-0572
Website	crc-mexico.com	
E-mail	SoporteTecnico@crcind.com	
Emergency phone number	24-Hour Emergency	800-681-9531 (Mexico)
	24-Hour Emergency	57 601 7942539 (Colombia)

SECTION 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards	Aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1

Elements of labeling, including precautionary statements and warning pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe mist/vapors.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
------	---

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

None.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical identity	Common name(s), synonym(s)	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration
acetone		67-64-1	30 - 40
propane		74-98-6	10 - 20
toluene		108-88-3	10 - 20
zinc		7440-66-6	10 - 20
butane		106-97-8	5 - 15
butyl acetate		123-86-4	1 - 3
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	1 - 3

Composition comments

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective actions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

SECTION 6. Measures that must be taken in the event of accidental spillage or an accidental leak

Personal precautionary measures, protective equipment and emergency procedure

For non-emergency personnel	Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Methods and materials for containing and cleaning up spills or releases	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Keep out of the reach of children. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm
	TWA	150 ppm
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

Biological limit values

Mexico. Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetona	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	1.6 g/g	Ácido hipúrico	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.5 mg/l	o-Cresol	Urine	*
	0.05 mg/l	Tolueno	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Mexico OELs: Skin designation

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Control banding approach Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Hazardous Chemicals (NOM-028-STPS-2012, System for administration of workplace safety in the process and critical equipment for handling hazardous chemicals, Appendix A, Table A.I, 9/6/2012)

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) 4600 KG
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 4600 KG

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol.

Color Silver.

Odor Aromatic.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 95 °F (35 °C) estimated

Flash point -2.2 °F (-19.0 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.7 %

Explosive limit - upper (%) 10.9 %

Vapor pressure	2750 hPa
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.77 - 0.85
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °F (210 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Molecular weight	Not available.
Other information	
Percent volatile	81 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions that must be avoided	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid freezing.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Information about likely routes of entry

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
---	---

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
-----------------------	---

Product	Species	Test Results
Bright Zinc-It Instant Cold Galvanize - 368 g		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	11070 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6401 mg/kg
Components		
Species		
Test Results		
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 3200 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	12.5 mg/l, 4 hours
zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Other information	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

SECTION 12. Ecotoxicological information

Toxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
acetone	-0.24
butyl acetate	1.78
toluene	2.73
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
toluene	90

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. Transport information

SCT

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not assigned.
Environmental hazards	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Bulk special provisions	63,190,277,327,344

DOT

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not assigned.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	304
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not assigned.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

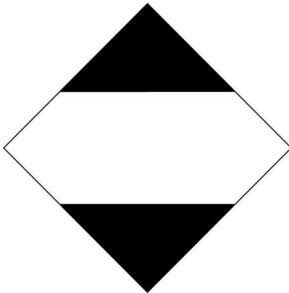
Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

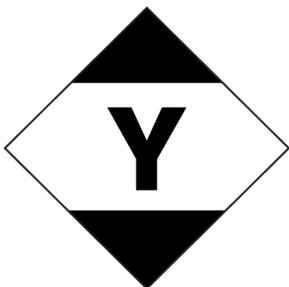
IMDG

UN number UN1950
Proper shipping name AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group Not assigned.
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
EmS F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT; IMDG; SCT



IATA



SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the hazard chemical substance or mixture in question This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Official Mexican Standard (NOM-018-STPS-2015).

Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 1000 KG
5000 KG

Mexico. Wastewater Discharges - Maximum Limits into Coastal Waters, Dams, Rivers, Soil and Wetlands (NOM-001-ECOL)

zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) Listed.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

SECTION 16. Other included information relevant to the preparation and updating of safety data sheets

Issue date	10-17-2023
Revision date	05-01-2024
Version #	02

List of abbreviations

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ANTT: National Agency of Land Transport.
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.
DOT: Department of Transportation.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
SCT: Secretariat of Communications and Transportation (NOM-002-SCT/2011).
STEL: Short term exposure limit.
TWA: Time Weighted Average.

References

NMX-R-019-SCFI-2011 - Harmonized system of classification and communication of dangers of chemical products
NOM-010-STPS-2014 (second revision) – Occupational Exposure Limits – becomes effective on April 28, 2016
NOM-018-STPS-2015 - Harmonized system for the identification and communication of hazards and risks for hazardous chemicals in the workplace
NOM-026-STPS-2008 - Colors and signals of safety and hygiene, and risk identification through fluids in pipes
NOM-028-STPS-2012 – Work-Safety Management System for Processes and Critical Equipment Handling Hazardous Chemical Substances
NOM-047-SSA1-2011 – Workplace Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) to Chemical Substances
Workplace Threshold Quantities of Hazardous Chemicals

Disclaimer

This information is considered accurate but is not exhaustive and shall only be used as a guideline based on current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture. Safety precautions suitable for the product must be applied.

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industrias de Mexico S. de R. L. de C.V..

Revision information

Ecological Information: Ecotoxicity